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A correspondent of the New York Herald, after describing the capture of Columbia, S. C., says:

"Those who are unacquainted with the horrors of war cannot realize the fearful sufferings it entails on mankind. They read of it in papers and books, gilded over with its false glare and strange fascinations, as a splendid game of glorious battles and triumphs, but close their eyes to its bloody horrors. The battle-field is to them a field of honor—a field of glory, where men resign their lives amidst the joys of conquest, which hallow the soldier's gory couch, and lights up his death-features with a smile. This sounds well in heroic fiction, but how different the reality! Could these fieside heroes but witness a battle-field, with its dead, its dying and wounded, writhing in agonizing tortures, or witness the poor victims under the scalpel knife, with the field hospital clotted with human gore, and full of maimed bodies and dissected limbs of their fellow-creatures, war would lose its false charm for them. Could many tender mother see her darling boy uncared, unpitied, without one kind hand to stay the welling blood or wipe the death damp from his brow, her gentle, loving heart would break in one wall of anguish. War after all has horrors even greater than the battle-field presents. The death wound is mercy compared to the slow torture of languishing in prison houses—living charnel houses of slow putrefaction—pale, spiritless, uncared, unpitied, gasping and groaning away their lives in hopeless misery. And then think of the sacked and burning city; think of helpless women and children fleeing in terror before the devouring elements, without a home to shelter them, without bread to feed them; think of the widows and orphans that water their scant bread with the tears of sorrow; think of all the sufferings, misery, and death, war entails on mankind, and you will curse its authors and wish that God had otherwise chastised His people. Though war may enrich the Skylock shoddies, paymasters, contractors, and speculative politicians, who sport gorgeous equipages and rich palaces out of the blood of their countrymen, it crushes the people under its wheels, like the car of Juggernaut, and oppresses the millions with taxation."

Mr. Sumner on Judge Taney.

In the debate in the Senate, on the bill introduced by Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois, providing for a bust to the late Chief Justice Taney, to be placed in the Supreme Court Room of the United States, Mr. Sumner made the following remarks:

I objected to this joint resolution some days ago, when it was reported by the Senator from Illinois, [Mr. Trumbull], and he was disposed to bury it at once upon the Senate, to the exclusion of important business. I objected to its again to-day, but it was from no disposition to discuss it.

I know well the trivial apology which may be made for this proposition, and the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Johnson) has already shown something of the harshness with which it may be defended. But, in the performance of public duty, I am indifferent to both.

The apology is too obvious, "Nothing but good of the dead." This is a familiar saying, which to a certain extent, may be acknowledged. But it is entirely inapplicable when statues and busts are proposed in honor of the dead. Then, at least, truth must prevail.

If a man has done evil during life, he must not be commemorated in marble.—And if indelicately it is proposed to decree such a signal honor, then the evil he has done must be exposed; nor shall any false delicacy seal my lips. It is not enough that he held a high place, that he enjoyed worldly honors, or was endowed with intellectual gifts.

"Who wickedly is wise or madly brave,
Is but the more a fool, the more a knave."
What is the office of Chief Justice, if it has been used to betray human rights? The crime is great according to the position of the criminal.

If you were asked, sir, to mention the incident of our history previous to the rebellion, which was in all respects most worthy of condemnation, most calculated to cause the blush of shame, and most deadly in its consequences, I do not doubt that you would say the Dred Scott decision, and especially the wicked opinion of the Chief Justice on that occasion. I say this with pain. I do not seek this debate. But when a proposition is made to honor the author of this wickedness with a commemorative bust, at the expense of the country, I am obliged to speak plainly.

I am not aware that the English judges who decided contrary to the liberty in case of ship-money, and thus sustained the king in those pretensions which ended in civil war, have ever been commemorated in marble. I am not aware that Jeffries, Chief Justice and Chancellor of England, famous for his talents as for his crimes, has found any niche in Westminster Hall. No, sir.—They have left him to the judgment of history, and there, I insist that Taney shall be left in sympathetic companionship. Each was the tool of an unjust power. But the Power which Taney served was none other than that Slave Power which has involved the country in war.

I speak what cannot be denied when I declare that the opinion of the Chief Justice in the case of Dred Scott was more thoroughly abominable than anything of the kind in the history of courts. Judicial baseness reached its lowest point on that occasion. You have not forgotten that terrible decision where a most unrighteous judgment was sustained by a falsification of history.

Of course, the Constitution of the United States and every principle of Liberty was falsified. But historical truth was falsified also. I have here the authentic report of the case, from which was to blast a whole race, used the following language:

"It is difficult at this day to realize the state of public opinion in relation to that unfortunate race, which prevailed in the civilized and enlightened portions of the world at the time of the Declaration of Independence, and then the Constitution of the United States was framed and adopted.—But the public history of every European nation display it in a manner too plain to be mistaken."

is better and cheaper in the end, even if it does take a little more time, to have things just right.

A HEROINE.—At Pilau, in Prussia, now lives a woman who has for some years consecrated her life to the noble, and dangerous task of rescuing persons from drowning. Whenever a tempest comes on, day or night, Catherine Klenfeldt, who is the widow of a sailor, is ready with a boat, in which she put out to sea, and frequently goes further than any other, in order to give help to those who may be shipwrecked. More than three hundred individuals have been saved by her efforts, and, accustomed for twenty years to make voyages with her husband, she possesses a skill and hardihood that renders these efforts unusually successful. Whenever she is seen, the greatest respect is paid to her, and the sailors regard her as their guardian angel; the very children of the fishermen go upon their knees to her and kiss the skirts of her dress. The Prussian and other governments have decreed her medals, and the Principality of Pilau has made her an honorary citizen for life. She is about sixty years of age, with an athletic figure and great strength, (a Grace Darling enlarged into gigantic proportions;) she has a masculine countenance, which, however, is softened by the benevolent expression that it constantly wears.

MR. GARRISON, in the *Liberator*, says he has concluded to discontinue that journal at the close of the present year, which will complete this volume. It seems to him historically fitting that the *Liberator* should cover the whole period of the struggle against slavery, and should terminate with its extinction. If any man in our times can congratulate himself on having fought a good fight, that man is Mr. Garrison. Since the war began he has shown that, tenacity, intensity and intrepidity of the reformer can be combined with the moderation of the statesman.

EXAMPLE is a living lesson. The Lifespeaks. Every action has a tongue. Words are but articulate breath. Deeds are the fac-similes of the soul; they proclaim what is within. The child notices the life. I should be in harmony with goodness. Keos is the vision of youth, every mark is transparent. If a word is thrown into one balance, a deed is thrown into the other—Nothing is more important than that parents should be consistent. A sincere word is never lost; but advice, counter to example, is always suspected. Both cannot be true; one is false.

LEGAL NOTICE.

ALLEN DART, Bertha Green, and Cornelia Green, who are non-residents of the State of Ohio, are hereby notified, that on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1865, Oscar A. Burton and Theodore M. Burton filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Geauga County, Ohio, their certain petition, and commenced an action against them, which said Dart, Bertha Green and Cornelia Green and others—setting forth in substance, among other matters and things, that said Oscar A. Burton, who are composed of Leander J. Randall and said Oscar A. Burton, & Theodore M. Burton, at the August Term, A. D. 1864, of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Lake, State of Ohio, received a judgment against Henry Carroll and Thomas Carroll for the sum of \$299.30 debt, and \$5.41 costs of suit; that execution has been issued on said judgment, and returned unsatisfied, with increased costs of \$3.43.

That said Henry Carroll and Thomas Carroll have an equitable interest in the following described premises: Situated in the Township of Munson, County of Geauga, State of Ohio, known as parts of Lots Nos. 19 and 21, in Tract No. 3, in said Township, and is bounded as follows, to wit: That piece lying in Lot No. 19 is bounded west, south and east the line of said lot; and north on a line so far from the south line, and parallel thereto, as to contain eighteen acres.

And one piece in Lot No. 21 in said Tract—bounded on the north, east and south by the lot of R. Street, and on the same lot, sold to Cyrus Hawley, containing about 74 and 102 100 acres of land, to be the same more or less.

That said Carrolls hold such equitable interest in said premises, under a contract from August 1859, between said Carrolls and said Oscar A. W. Hoppin made, October 24th, 1855, to one Noble Carroll. That said contract has been assigned to Orange M. Calkins as guardian of Clark D. Calkins, to secure the payment of \$1,565.79, and interest from Sept. 5th, 1859. That Clark D. Calkins died in December, 1863, leaving said Allen Dart, Bertha Green and Cornelia Green, his heirs at law; that since the 29th day of August, A. D. 1859, said Orange M. Calkins has had and received the rents, issues and profits of said premises, for which he should account.

The object and prayer of said petition, among other things, is, that said premises be sold, and the proceeds applied, first, to pay the amount due on said contract, which is payable to said Leander J. Randall; second, to pay said \$1105.79, their deduction and interest; third, the balance to be applied in the payment of said judgment—an injunction has been allowed in said action.

The said Allen Dart, Bertha Green, and Cornelia Green will answer said petition on or before the 27th day of May, A. D. 1865.

DURFEE & STEPHENSON,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

March 30th, 1865. 791w6

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In obedience to the requirements of an Order of Sale which issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Ashtabula County in the State of Ohio, wherein Isabell Bradley is plaintiff and Joseph Bradley is defendant, to me directed and delivered, I shall offer for sale at public vendue, at the door of the Court House in Chardon, O. on Saturday, May 20th, 1865, at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, the following described property, to wit: Situate in the township of Montville, and bounded as follows, to be taken off in a square form from the north-east corner of Lot No. 1 in said township, bounded on the north and west by the north and west bounds of said lot, one hundred and sixty rods each; south by a line to be drawn equal and parallel to the first boundary above mentioned; and east by a line to be drawn equal and parallel to the second mentioned bounds, and containing one hundred and sixty acres of land. Said premises were duly appraised at \$2800.

Terms of Sale—Cash in hand.

B. N. SHAW, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Geauga Co., }
April 12th, 1865. } 796w5

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Watch-Maker & Engraver.

Manufacturer of BRAIDED HAIR Jewelry.
Removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Chapman, within 1 door of the Di-Sciple Church, and nearly opposite Smith's Hotel.
Watches, Jewelry, &c., repaired.
Chardon, Feb. 2nd, 1864. 6841f

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Dr. L. A. Hamilton has been appointed Examining Surgeon for Geauga County, by whom all applicants for Invalid Pensions must be examined. Apply in person or by letter, enclosing stamp, to
I. N. HATHAWAY, Chardon, Ohio 6951f

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of an order of the f. fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Geauga County, Ohio, wherein Benjamin F. Chamberlain is Plaintiff and John B. Chamberlain is Defendant, to me directed and delivered, and dated April 5th, 1865, I shall offer for sale at public vendue, at the Court House in Chardon, in said County,
On Wednesday, May 10th, 1865,
at one o'clock P. M., of said day, the following described real estate situate in the Township of Bainbridge, in Geauga County, and known as Tract No. One and Lot No. 4 and bounded as follows: On the east, south, west and north, by the line of said Lot No. 4, containing one hundred and thirty-six acres.
Also, one other piece of land, situate in the Township of Auburn, in said County, and bounded as follows, and known as Lot No. 1, Subdivision No. 2, Tract No. 1, Section No. 1; bounded north by the Township line, east by Lot No. Six, south by Lot No. 2, and west by the west line of said Subdivision No. 2, containing by the original survey one hundred and sixteen acres and seven hundredths of an acre, always excepting 25 acres of land decded off the N. E. corner of said lot to John Walker, and 84 acres of land decded off the south-west corner of said lot to Job Ward, leaving in said lot 823 acres of land, more or less, and subject to all legal highways.
Also, one other piece of land, it being in the north part of Section No. One in Tract No. One in Township No. Six, in the eighth range of Townships in Geauga County, in the State of Ohio, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at the north-west corner of said Section No. 1; thence running south on the west line of said Section 13 chains 4 links; thence north 88 deg., east 13 chains 4 links; thence north 2 deg., west 13 chains 4 links to the north line of said section; thence west on said north line 13 chains 4 links to the place of beginning, containing seventeen acres of land.
Also, one other piece or parcel of land off the north-west part of Lot No. One in Auburn Township, in said County of Geauga and State of Ohio, beginning at the N. W. corner of said lot; thence east along the line of said lot 13 chains and 4 links; thence south 30 chains and 3 links; thence west 13 chains and 60 links; thence north to the place of beginning, containing 25 acres of land, more or less, being the same land decded to J. B. Chamberlain by the Executors of the Estate of C. C. Payne, deceased.
Terms of Sale—Cash in hand.
Sheriff's Office, April 6th, 1865.

This image shows a vertical strip of aged, textured paper, likely an endpaper or flyleaf from an old book. The paper has a yellowish-tan hue and a rough, fibrous texture. There are several dark, irregular spots and stains, particularly along the right edge, which appear to be water damage or foxing. The right edge is particularly ragged and uneven, showing the underlying material. The overall appearance is that of a well-preserved but aged piece of paper.